Superior Court of California County of Orange



Case Number: 30-2017-00922926-CU-RI-CXC

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8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA Civil Complex Center	
9	COUNTY OF ORANGE – CENTRAL HUSTICE CENTER	
10	CYNTHIA DAGNALL and MICHAEL DAGNALL, individually and on behalf of a	CASE NO.: 30-2017-00922926-CU-RI-CXC
11	class of similarly situated persons,	COMPLAINT FOR:
12	Plaintiffs,	1. DECLARATORY RELIEF (6 DEL. C. §§ 2562-64)
13	vs.	2. OPERATION OF ILLEGAL PYRAMID SCHEME (CAL. PEN.
14 15	ARBONNE INTERNATIONAL, LLC, DONNA JOHNSON, CASSANDRA HOUSE, TARRAH BRANDSMA, IAIN PRITCHARD, and DEBORAH CARROLL NEAL,	CODE § 327 AND CAL. CIV. CODE § 1689.2) 3. UNFAIR COMPETITION (CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE § 17200)
16	Defendants.	4. UNJUST ENRICHMENT 5. RACKETEERING (18 U.S.C. §§ 1961-
17	Detendants.	62) (Jury Trial Requested)
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19		Judge Kim G. Dunning Dept CX104
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ORIGINAL COMPLAINT

1	ORIGINAL COMPLAINT		
2	Plaintiffs, Cynthia Dagnall and Michael Dagnall ("Plaintiffs"), individually, and on beha		
3	of all others similarly situated, plead as follows against Defendants Arbonne International, LL		
4	("Arbonne"), Donna Johnson, Cassandra House, Tarrah Brandsma, Iain Pritchard, and Debora		
5	Carroll Neal (the "Individual Defendants," and, together with Arbonne, the "Defendants").		
6	I. <u>PARTIES</u>		
7	A. <u>PLAINTIFFS</u>		
8	1. Plaintiff Cynthia Dagnall is, and at all materials times was, an individual who reside		
9	in the County of Williamson, in the state of Texas. Plaintiff Michael Dagnall is Cynthia Dagnall'		
10	husband. At all relevant times, Cynthia and Michael lived together.		
11	B. ARBONNE AND THE INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS		
12	2. Defendant Arbonne is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business i		
13	Irvine, California.		
14	3. Defendant Donna Johnson is an individual residing in Cave Creek, Arizona.		
15	4. Defendant Cassandra House is an individual residing in New South Wales, Australia		
16	5. Defendant Tarrah Brandsma is an individual residing in Parker, Colorado.		
17	6. Defendant Iain Pritchard is an individual residing in Chester, United Kingdom.		
18	7. Defendant Deborah Carroll Neal is an individual residing in Pittstown, New Jersey.		
19	II. <u>JURISDICTION AND VENUE</u>		
20	8. Jurisdiction is found under Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 410.10 and California Constitution		
21	Article 6, Section 10.		
22	9. Venue is proper pursuant to Cal. Civ. Proc. Code §§ 395(a) and 395.5 as Defendant		
23	are headquartered and/or transact business in the County of Orange.		
24	III. <u>FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS</u>		
25	A. ARBONNE OPERATES A PYRAMID SCHEME		
26	10. Arbonne is an international multi-level marketing company (an "MLM") that		
27	reportedly generated \$541 million in net revenues in 2016. It also a pyramid scheme masqueradin		

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as a direct seller of health and beauty products. Its many millions in revenues are primarily derived from bilking its hundreds of thousands of distributors.

- 11. Participants in the Arbonne scheme are its so-called independent consultants (the "Consultants"). Arbonne requires them to purchase start-up packages and pay annual dues, and the Arbonne system makes it a virtual necessity that the distributors purchase Arbonne products—lots of them. In return, the Consultants receive the right to receive compensation based in primary part on their recruitment of new Consultants (who pay fees, pay dues, and purchase product). Just like a classic pyramid scheme, the more new Consultants a Consultant brings into the Arbonne program (and the more payments those new Consultants make), the more money a Consultant can make.
- 12. Unlike participants in a classic pyramid scheme, the Arbonne Consultants receive health and beauty products, which the Consultants can theoretically sell. But that fact makes Arbonne no less a pyramid scheme. As a group, the Consultants may sell a limited amount of products at retail, but the bulk of the money paid to the Consultants comes from other Consultants. Just like a classic pyramid scheme, Consultants are feeding off the money paid by other Consultants.
- 13. The vast majority of Arbonne's Consultants lose money. The only people who make money from the Arbonne pyramid scheme are the very few at the top of the pyramid. These few including Defendants Donna Johnson, Cassandra House, Tarrah Brandsma, Iain Pritchard, and Deborah Carroll Neal (collectively, the "Individual Defendants")—actively participate in the Arbonne pyramid scheme and profit from the payments to Arbonne made by the many thousands of other losing Consultants.

В. INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS AND ARBONNE PROMOTE THE PYRAMID **SCHEME**

1. **Individual Defendants Promote Arbonne and Mislead Consumers**

14. In coordination with Arbonne, the Individual Defendants have flooded the internet with promotional materials designed to lure in new Consultants. All of the Individual Defendants have produced videos and made statements via the internet knowingly promoting Arbonne's pyramid scheme by touting the financial rewards supposedly available to Consultants. Each of the

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Individual Defendants made statements that furthered the pyramid scheme by encouraging persons to become Consultants, by emphasizing that financial success depends on recruiting, and by encouraging Consultants to remain Consultants and pursue Arbonne's supposed business opportunity.

- 15. The statements by the Individual Defendants imply, if not state explicitly, that Consultants can achieve significant financial success though the Arbonne business. But the truth is that only the tiniest minority of Consultants achieve the sort of financial success the Individual Defendants tout, no matter how hard they work.
- 16. The Individual Defendants are well aware of this fact, but they seek to intentionally mislead people (a) so that people will agree to sign up as new Consultants in the Individual Defendants' Downlines and (b) so that current Consultants will continue to participate in the Arbonne system, which requires the purchasing of product and recruiting, all to the benefit of Arbonne and the Individual Defendants It is the continued hard work of the Defendants at recruiting that will affect the ability of Arbonne and the Individual Defendants to continue to reap financial rewards.

2. Arbonne's Own Promotional Materials are Misleading

17. Arbonne's own website boldly reinforces the message portrayed by the Individual Defendants—that anyone can get rich with Arbonne, just as the Individual Defendants have. Arbonne entices potential new Consultants with promises of the dream life:

Imagine the freedom to live the life of your dreams by starting your own successful business. That's the beauty of our business model. So many of our Independent Consultants have done just that, and have transformed their careers, their lives ... themselves. They have created a better work-life balance because they choose when to work and when to play. With the right leadership, tools and effort, you can too.

18. This message is obviously misleading, and Arbonne knows it. Arbonne's own income statement shows that over 86% of Consultants lose money with the Arbonne business model. Certainly, a Consultant's success or failure depends to some degree on "leadership, tools and effort," but the clear implication from the message is that any person willing to put in effort to Arbonne will be financially successful. Unless 14% of Arbonne Consultants have the "right

C. PLAINTIFFS ARE VICTIMS OF ARBONNE'S PYRAMID SCHEME

19. Between February 2014 and May 2016, Claimant Cynthia Dagnall spent approximately \$2,500 in fees, product purchases, promotional materials and costs related to attending Arbonne's annual convention in Las Vegas. Her last payment to Arbonne was May 31, 2016. Over the course of her association with Arbonne, Cynthia received approximately \$30.00 in payments from Arbonne.

leadership, tools and effort," the implication from Arbonne's website is belied Arbonne's own

- 20. Claimant Michael Dagnall joined Arbonne a few weeks after his wife in February 2014. He never ended up making money on Arbonne's business opportunity. Michael paid Arbonne \$340.00 in fees and product purchases between February 2014 and May 2015. His last payment to Arbonne was May 2015. Over the course of his association with Arbonne, he received \$0.00 in payments from Arbonne.
- 21. Plaintiffs seek to recover all monies they paid Arbonne, less any money Arbonne paid them. They also seek the certification of a class of Consultants who, like Plaintiffs, became Consultants in the Arbonne scheme and who received less from Arbonne than they paid Arbonne.
- 22. Plaintiffs seek to hold Defendants liable for the operation and promotion of a pyramid scheme pursuant to 6 Del. C. §§ 2511-2516; 6 Del. C. §§ 2561-2564; Cal. Civ. Code § 1689.2 and Cal. Penal Code § 327; unjust enrichment; and the Federal Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act ("**RICO**"), 18 U.S.C. § 1961 *et seq*.

IV. <u>ARBITRABILITY</u>

- 23. Arbonne purports to contract with its Consultants through several documents, including the Independent Consultant Application & Agreement (the "Application"); the Policies & Procedures ("P&P"); the Arbonne SuccessPlan; and the Independent Consultant Code of Ethics (collectively, the "Contracts"). The Application and the P&P each purport to require disputes between Arbonne and its Consultants to be resolved through arbitration.
- 24. However, Plaintiffs contend that the instant dispute is not arbitrable, for at least two reasons. First, the agreement between Arbonne and Plaintiffs is illusory and thus unenforceable.

Second, under Delaware law, pyramid scheme contracts are void and unenforceable. *See* 6 Del. C. §§ 2561, 2564. Arbonne's agreement with its Distributors is a pyramid scheme contract. Thus, the agreement between Arbonne and Plaintiffs—including the arbitration provision—is void and unenforceable.

- 25. For these reasons, Plaintiffs contend that the arbitration provision is not enforceable. However, Plaintiffs are willing to submit the issue of arbitrability to arbitration. They intend to obtain a determination from the arbitrator that the dispute is not arbitrable, then return to litigate their claims and the class claims before this Court.
- 26. In recognition of the non-judicial resolution procedure set forth in the P&P, Plaintiffs have also served a Notice of Mediation on Defendants requesting mediation regarding the same claims at issue in this Complaint. Plaintiffs have filed this Complaint to preserve their rights should mediation fail and as a protective measure to avoid any potential statute of limitations issues.

V. <u>CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS</u>

- 27. Plaintiffs bring this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23. Plaintiffs will bring this action as a class action before the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California upon the Arbitrator's declaring the contract between Plaintiffs and Arbonne void under Delaware law as a pyramid scheme. Alternatively, Plaintiffs will pursue a class action before the Arbitrator.
- 28. Plaintiffs seek relief on behalf of themselves and the "Class": Consultants who, like Plaintiffs, paid Arbonne's fees and purchased Arbonne's products between the date of the filing of this Complaint and the end of any applicable limitations period, and who lost money from their participation in the Arbonne scheme. The Individual Defendants are excluded from the Class.
- 29. The members of the Class ("Class Members") number in the hundreds of thousands, making joinder of all Class members in a single action impracticable.
- 30. There are questions of law and fact common to the Class that predominate over any question affecting only individual Class Members.
- 31. The Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the Class in that Plaintiffs were Participants in Arbonne who lost money as a result of the pyramid scheme.

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- 49. Arbonne's business practices are unlawful under §17200 because they constitute an illegal "endless chain" as defined under, and prohibited by, California Penal Code § 327.
- 50. Under California Business and Professions Code § 17200, a "fraudulent" business practice is one that is likely to deceive the public. Arbonne's business practices are fraudulent because (i) Arbonne is an illegal and deceptive "endless chain scheme" and (ii) Arbonne's "business opportunity" was marketed and sold as available for everyone, yet it is not a true business opportunity.
- 51. Under California Business and Professions Code § 17200, a business practice is "unfair" if it violates established public policy or if it is immoral, unethical, oppressive or unscrupulous and causes injury which outweighs its benefits. Arbonne's promotion and operation of an unlawful and fraudulent endless chain scheme and its fraudulent representations and omissions regarding its purported "business opportunity" are unethical, oppressive, and unscrupulous in that Arbonne is and has been duping Plaintiffs and the class members out of hundreds of millions of dollars.
- 52. Defendants should be made to disgorge all ill-gotten gains and return to Plaintiffs and the class members all wrongfully taken amounts of money.

COUNT FOUR

Unjust Enrichment

Against Arbonne

- 53. Defendants re-allege the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 54. The Arbonne SuccessPlan is a pyramid scheme under Delaware, California, and federal law.
- 55. The SuccessPlan is an integral part of the Contracts. The Contracts are illegal and contrary to public policy. As such, the Contracts are void.
- 56. Plaintiffs and the Class Members paid Arbonne money pursuant to Arbonne's perpetration of an illegal pyramid scheme.
- 57. Arbonne has been unjustly enriched by its perpetration of an illegal pyramid scheme and by Plaintiffs' and the Class Members' payments of money to Arbonne.

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT

JURY DEMAND Plaintiffs, on their own behalf and on behalf of the Class Members, demand a trial by jury on all issues triable by a jury. DATED: May 25, 2017 /s/ Betny A. Townsend Betny A. Townsend Attorney for Plaintiffs - 12 -

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT